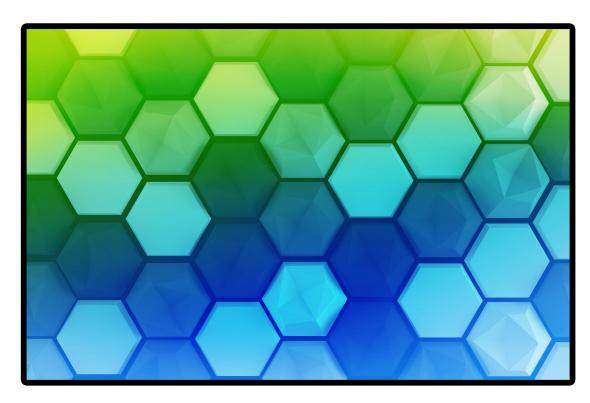




SPELLING & VOCABULARY

COMPLEMENT



High School | 2022-23

DIFFICULTY SEQUENCE



UIL Spelling Complement™ Difficulty Sequence For High School 202 -2

Written by Linda Tarrant

Edited by Beth "

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~ President Hexco Inc., Linda Tarrant

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UIL Spelling Complement Difficulty Sequence™

For the 202 -202 UIL *WordPower* booklet of spelling and vocabulary words for high school contests

This work complements the UIL word list for high schools and serves as a time-saving dictionary substitute so that students can spend more time studying and less time looking up each word. *UIL Spelling Complement* also provides a researched sentence illustrating usage for each word.

A special circular symbol • precedes words selected for vocabulary study in the UIL *Word Power* booklet, and the etymology is included for each of these words. Simple abbreviations have been used to compact this data, such as L = Latin, Gk = Greek, Fr = French, G = German, E = English, I = Italian and others as used in the *American Heritage Dictionary*. Used in combination with these language indicators are the following: O = Old, M = Middle, L = Late, V = Vulgar, H = High, and No = North. Connecting words abbreviated are fr = from, prob=probably, dim=diminutive, alter=alteration, and orig = origin. These should all become self-evident.

Our pronunciations follow those found in the *American Heritage Dictionary - Fourth Edition*, unabridged, and up to four pronunciations are shown. Also included for each word are the part(s) of speech, definition, and a carefully written sentence with context clues illustrating the word in use. If alternate spellings are indicated in the *American Heritage*, they are listed with the first spelling.

Our unique pronunciation scheme is very similar to that now used by many major dictionaries and newspapers to provide a simple, "keyless" scheme for difficult words. Our scheme recognizes only the 14 primary vowel sounds below: (only the first one or two should require your referencing our key at the bottom of each page).

ii=sign	eh=care	uh=ago	ay=wade	ah=calm	aw=paw	а=сар
oh=home	oo=too	ow=how	i=hit	ee=heat	u=put	e=pet

Syllables are separated by periods. Those with primary emphasis are capitalized; those not emphasized are in lower case. Secondary emphasis is not indicated. Our simple system has been in use for 25+ years by schools using our UIL products and for over 35 years by schools using our line of companion products for the National Spelling Bee. This pronunciation scheme also forms the basis of our unique e*Mentor* online spelling platform.

SPELLING COMPLEMENT 2022-2023 - DIFFICULTY SEQUENCE

lathe <LAYTHH>

n, v / machine to hold rotating material while being shaped with a fixed cutting tool

Fred used the --- in the cabinet shop to turn the chair leg he was makina.

• lotic <LOH.tik>

adj / inhabiting water that is actively moving
'--- environments are usually moving streams, but some shores
of the Great Lakes have incessantly moving water.
Ety: L - lavo/-are/lautum/lotum (wash/bathe)

kaput, kaputt <kah.POOT> or <kuh.POOT>

adj / totally destroyed; hopelessly out of date

After the fire, the entire project was --- because not enough
was salvageable to start over.

• tumid <TOO.mid>

adj / swollen, bulging; bombastic in reference to language

The entire area around Ed's boil was red and ---, but after it was lanced, the swelling and redness subsided.

Ety: L - tumidus/-a/-um (swollen) fr tumeo/-ere (be swollen or puffed up)

delft (D) <DELFT>

n / kind of blue and white pottery; city in the Hague Mom set the table with her ---, and the blue and white pottery matched her blue stemware and white place mats.

Ety: Note: Capitalized for city

Punic <PYOO.nik>

adj, n / treacherous; pertaining to Carthage or its inhabitants; dialect spoken there

The --- inhabitants became disloyalty, and the king of Carthage was ousted by the treacherous rebels and their deceitful plan.

Note: Always capitalized

nexus <NEK.suhs>

n / connected series, link, tie

The --- between the two topics was clarified in a subsequent paragraph explaining the common link.

• tapir <TAY.puhr> or <tuh.PIR>

n / hoglike mammal of South and Central America and Malaysia

At seven feet tall and 400 pounds, the --- at the zoo frightened Evelyn even though it was a gentle animal.

Ety: Perh Fr fr Tupi - tapiira (tapir) Note: Hom: taper

ingot <ING.guht>

n / molded metal; mold in which metal is cast As a prop for the play, Allen painted a brick to be used as a large gold --- .

• kedge <KEJ>

v, n / move a vessel by pulling on secured anchor of a small size; brisk, lively

The old seaman would toss a line to the wharf to secure to a piling; then he would --- the boat into the pier.

Ety: ME - caggen (tie) poss fr Scand

Helot (h) <HEL.uht>

n / serf of ancient Sparta; serf

The historical fiction told of a Spartan --- whose place in society was between that of a slave and a citizen.

Note: Capitalized to refer to member of a Spartan class

basil <BAZ.uhl> or <BAY.zuhl>

n / herb of the mint family

The recipe for the spaghetti sauce called for ---, oregano, and two other spices.

besom <BEE.zuhm>

n / broom made with collected twigs; broom for clearing ice from stone path

The Scottish woman gathered twigs of heather and bound them together to a handle to make a new ---.

ficus (F) <FII.kuhs>

n / genus or tropical tree with fruit shaped like pears or of gastropods

Mom's large, potted --- Benjamini thrived on her patio all summer and stayed in a sunny window all winter.

Note: Capitalized for genus

triad <TRII.ad> or <TRII.uhd>

n / group of 3

In Greek mythology the --- of Graces represented brightness, joyfulness, and blooming things.

koto <KOH.toh>

n / long Japanese instrument like a zither that has 13 silk strings

A Japanese boy plucked strings of the --- and altered the pitch by pressing the strings above the bridges.

odium <OH.dee.uhm>

n / hatred and contempt

Because the town held such --- for the accused criminal, an impartial jury could not be found.

mecca (M) <MEK.uh>

n / place considered a center of an activity or interest; religious center of Islam in Saudi Arabia

The farmer's market was a --- for local home cooks and chefs looking to buy fresh ingredients.

Note: Capitalized for geog def

acrid <AK.rid>

adi / bitter; caustic

The pickles had an --- taste, and Mrs. Simpson guessed she'd left some ingredient out of the mixture.

Ety: L - acer/acris/acre (sharp/acute/penetrating)

• waff <WAF> or <WAHF>

v, n / flutter or cause fluttering; waving movement; draft or puff of air

Is anything so stirring as the wind gently lifting a flag and making it ---?

Ety: ME - waffen (wave)

montelukast <mon.tuh.LOO.kast>

n / drug used in treating asthma

Fred took --- to help his asthma symptoms when he exercised.

cantus firmus <kan.tuhs.FUHR.muhs> or

<kan.tuhs.FUR.muhs>

n / type of plainsong melody

The --- is a simple Gregorian melody which was that was originally sung in unison in ecclesiastical services.

Pecksniffian <pek.SNIF.ee.uhn>

adj / sanctimonious, hypocritically feigning piety Dr. Fen gave a --- smile as he passed out papers, and June found his hypocritical sanctimony disgusting.

Note: Always capitalized

Secchi disk <SEH.kee.disk>

n / type of disk with a black and white pattern that is used to determine water depth

We lowered the --- into the water to measure the water clarity of the lake.

Note: Always capitalized for Secchi

nacreous cloud <NAY.kree.uhs.klowd>

n / cirrus-like formation of water droplets that shows iridescent colors

When Eugene saw the ---, he knew what was meant by a "silver lining," and he was awed by its iridescence.

sal volatile <sal.vuh.LAT.uhl.ee>

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{n}}$ / ammonium carbonate or an aromatic solution of same

Aunt Mary always carried ---, and she advised us all on how to use her smelling salts in case she fainted.

cystic fibrosis <sis.tik.fii.BROH.sis> or <SIS.tik.fii.broh.sis>

n / hereditary disease of the exocrine glands resulting in respiratory infections

Bob had regular checkups to be sure that he didn't have --- like his father, who always had trouble breathing.

cainotophobia <kay.noh.tuh.FOH.bee.uh>

n / obsessive fear of anything new or of novelty An element of --- is typical of new parents who desperately cling to old traditions and fear forming new ones. Ety: Gk - kainos (new) + phobos (fear)

chromophil <KROH.muh.fil>

adj / easily retaining colors from dyes or stains
The students used iodine to stain the --- cells, knowing that the
color would remain so they could see them.

schipperke <SKIP.uhr.kee> or <SKIP.uhr.kuh>

n / small, stocky Belgian dog or dog or breed of same The black --- with pointed ears and a heavy coat was the best watchdog on any boat in the canal.

Ety: Flem - schipper (boatman/skipper/fr use as watchdogs on boats) fr Du

Serengeti Plain <sehr.uhn.GET.ee.playn>

n / area that borders Kenya and Lake Victoria in Africa Our safari lasted ten days on the ---, filming all manner of the rich wildlife of the area.

Note: Always capitalized

café au lait <ka.fay.oh.LAY>

n / coffee and milk mixed in approximately equal portions; color of creamy coffee

Though black coffee is too strong for me, I enjoy --- because it tastes more like flavored milk than coffee.

Note: Acute accent regd on 'e'

bouquet garni <boh.kay.gahr.NEE> or <bookay.gahr.NEE> n / bundle of herbs tied together for use in cooking Mom put a --- in the stew, then she removed bay leaves and herbs with stems before serving the dish.

hypoallergenic <hii.poh.al.uhr.JEN.ik>

adj / having less tendency to cause a reaction due to high sensitivity

Because Bill's new dog was sensitive to certain chemicals, he bought a --- soap.

carotenemia <kehr.uh.tuh.NEE.mee.uh>

n / presence of extra hydrocarbons in blood from yellow and orange vegetables

Diagnosed with ---, Mrs. Baker was put on a restricted diet eliminating yellow vegetables.

• hydrocephalus <hii.droh.SEF.uh.luhs>

n / condition in which excessive fluid causes enlarged skull and compressed brain

Dr. Mills showed a photo to the class of an infant with --- and noted the greatly expanded skull.

Ety: Gk - hydor (water) + kephale (head) Note: Hom: hydrocephalous

annus mirabilis <an.uhs.mi.RAB.uh.lis>

n / noteworthy year, usually one fraught with disasters In 2006, a hurricane destroyed their beach house and fire damaged their home making 2006 their ---.

xenobiotic <zen.uh.bii.AH.tik> or <zee.nuh.bii.AH.tik>

adj / chemical foreign to organism's immune system; relating to this type of chemical

--- metabolism often converts chemical compounds into readily excreted hydrophilic products.

hemophobic <hee.muh.FOH.bik>

adj / scared of blood

Geraldine was slightly ---; and when she cut her leg, it bled profusely, and she nearly fainted from fright.

Ety: Gk - haimo (blood) + phobos (fear)

tagliatelle <tahl.yuh.TEL.ee> or <tahl.yuh.TEL.ay>

n / pasta shaped like flat noodles

The Italian chef used --- with his marinara sauce, and he insisted no other flat noodles tasted the same.

lip-sync, 58

lip-synch, 58 liquidambar, 37 listeria, 9 litigant, 13 llanos, 51 lobectomy, 29 locus classicus, 44 long-suffering, 22 lordosis, 31 lotic, 3 loups-garous, 63 lucubration, 36 lug sole, 26 luminiferous, 37 Lutheran, 31 lynchpin, 4 macaronic, 8 machete, 28 Machmeter, 62 macintosh, 21 mackintosh, 21 macula lutea, 44 maculation, 21 maestoso, 52 magistral, 7 maglev, 30 magnum opus, 45 mahatma, 5 mahjong, 53 mahjongg, 53 malaise, 28 malapert, 13 malapropos, 71 malassimilation, 49 Malaysia, 3, 31 malocclusion, 26 mammalogy, 33 mandamus, 13 manege, 52 manic-depressive, 43 mantelletta. 44 manumitted, 48 manzanilla, 63 maracas, 14 marchioness, 48 mariachi, 56 Maricopa, 31 marsupium, 14 martyrology, 20 materia medica, 72 Matisse, 28 maudlinness, 38 Maupassant, 67 McMansion, 9 mecca, 3 mechanistic, 26 Medicare, 18 medicolegal, 24 Mekong, 61, 71 melancholia, 64 melange, 30 melee, 26 mendicity, 9 menial, 10 Menominee, 34, 64

mephitic, 31

mercurialism, 44 meritocracy, 38 mesomorph, 17 messianic, 29 metalliferous, 46 metatarsus, 36 Methuselah, 40 me-tooism, 28 microanalysis, 38 microcosm, 6 microseism. 73 mien, 26 militaria, 14 mimesis, 30 minibike, 14 Miniconjou, 68 Minneconjou, 68 miosis, 57 mirabile dictu, 73 misanthropy, 42 miscible, 62 misericord, 45 misericorde, 45 missilery, 52 missilry, 52 misusage, 4 miter box, 30 modernity, 4 modiste, 5 Mogadishu, 56 mollycoddle, 22 mongooses, 15 monitory, 11 monogynous, 64 monometer, 14 monotreme, 55 montelukast, 66 mordacious, 26 mores, 26 moroccos, 27 morpheme, 51 mosque, 53 mucilaginous, 70 mud dauber, 35 muezzin, 61 multiethnic, 36 Munich, 10 Murphy bed, 23 museology, 58 musquash, 11 myalgia, 51 mycosis, 56 myelofibrosis, 64 myosis, 57 mysophobia, 72 nacelle, 58 nacreous cloud, 66 Nairobi, 55 namaste, 30 naprapathy, 65 narcoanalysis, 69 Narraganset, 64 Narragansett, 64 natation, 16 navicular, 8 ne plus ultra, 74 necrosis, 11

negritude, 16 neoclassicism, 40 neoliberalism, 24 neolith, 17 neoprene, 31 nephology, 29 nephrosis, 27 nepotistic, 24 neroli oil, 69 neuroanatomy, 69 neuropathology, 73 neurotoxin, 38 Newtonian, 8 nexus, 3 Nicaragua, 32 nictitate, 31 nihil obstat, 68 nilgai, 53 nine-to-fiver, 48 nolens volens, 65 nom de plume, 48 nondeductible, 23 nondenominational, 34 Normandy, 32 normothermia, 40 North Saskatchewan, 37 nosology, 4 novella, 5 Novocain, 60 nuclearize, 40 numinous, 8 nyctophobia, 69 nystagmus, 52 obiter dictum, 49 objet d'art, 74 oblanceolate, 73 obsequious, 41 obstruent, 14 ocarina, 7 ochlocracy, 69 octameter, 13 oculomotor, 36 odium, 3 officiant, 18 old wives' tale, 23 oleander, 15 olestra, 15 oligarchy, 30 ombudswoman, 35 omnifarious, 41 oncogene, 31 onomastics, 65 oocyte, 31 open-ended, 48 ophthalmoscope, 72 optic chiasma, 68 opulent, 17 opuntia, 55 Orangeman, 11 organza, 6 orgeat, 60 orology, 59 orthodoxy, 50 orthogenesis, 65

ostensive. 6 osteoporosis, 58, 74 ostiary, 34 otitis, 27 otology, 59 Ottoman Empire, 19 outpoll, 10 overregulate, 23 oviparous, 31, 55 ozonosphere, 46 pachinko, 5 pagoda, 13 paleobiogeography, 72 Paleo-Indian, 64 Palestinian, 48 palmatifid, 70 palpitation, 18 pampero, 16 pancreatitis, 40 pandemic, 12 panic-stricken, 43 panzer, 4 papaya, 11 par excellence, 45 paramatta, 29 paramecium, 42 parasail, 9 parathyroidectomy, 71 parfait, 11 parkour, 32 parosmia, 33 parramatta, 29 parsimoniousness, 47 Parthenon, 31, 48 partisanship, 25 pas de chat, 74 pasquinade, 67 pastiche, 6 pastille, 59 pastorium, 17 patois, 58 patroclinous, 38 pavid, 4 Pecksniffian, 66 pecorino, 28 pedagogics, 70 pejoration, 44 pekoe, 50 Pelagianism, 73 pemican, 4 pemmican, 4 pencel, 27 pensil, 27 pentagon, 5 pepinos, 28 per annum, 33 perceptual, 38 perdurability, 42 perfunctory, 36 peridot, 58 perinatal, 7 peritonitis, 46

osmatic, 9

osteitis, 60

osnaburg, 56

perpetrator, 26

personalia, 21

pertussis, 56

phalange, 56

petrel, 16